

UPPER FEATHER RIVER IRWM

PROJECT INFORMATION FORM

Please submit by 5:00 p.m. on August 3, 2015, to UFR.contact@gmail.com

Please provide information in the tables below:

I. PROJECT PROPONENT INFORMATION

	C:	
Agency / Organization	Sierra Valley RCD / UC Cooperative Extension	
Name of Primary Contact	Rick Roberti , Kristi Jamason	
Name of Secondary Contact	Tom Getts (UCCE Weed Ecologist/Cropping System Farm	
	Advisor), Holly George	
Mailing Address	Sierra Valley RCD, PO Box 3562, Quincy, CA 95971	
	UC Cooperative Extension, Attn: Holly George, 208	
	Fairgrounds Road, Quincy, CA 95971	
	UC Cooperative Extension, Attn. Tom Getts, 707 Nevada	
	Street, Susanville, CA 96130	
E-mail	sierravalleyrcd@gmail.com,	
L-IIIaii		
	market.ready.k.jamason@gmail.com, hageorge@ucanr.edu,	
	tjgetts@ucanr.edu	
Phone	Rick: 530-249-4988; Holly: 530-283-6262; Tom: 530-251-2650	
Other Cooperating Agencies /	UC Davis, willing producers in Sierra Valley (TBD)	
Organizations / Stakeholders		
Is your agency/organization	Yes	
committed to the project through		
completion? If not, please explain		

II. GENERAL PROJECT INFORMATION

Project Title	ALS-12: Alfalfa Alternative	
Project Category	☑ Agricultural Land Stewardship	
	☐ Floodplains/Meadows/Waterbodies	
	☐ Municipal Services	
	☐ Tribal Advisory Committee	
	☐ Uplands/Forest	
Project Description	In Sierra Valley, and possibly other groundwater basins in the	
(Briefly describe the project,	UFRW, alfalfa production is prevalent and is currently a	
in 300 words or less)	lucrative crop. (Water-intensive alfalfa hay represents 30-40%	
	of field crops (by value) grown in Plumas and Sierra Counties,	
	according to the 2011 Crop Report.) It is also a water-intensive	
	crop grown in an arid region. With less snowpack (and	
	therefore less water predicted to be available), and in view of	

levels and overdraft observed in the monitored Sierra Valley basin*, alternative production possibilities that maintain the agricultural heritage of the watershed without increasing risk to producer viability, community values and natural resource need to be explored. This concept proposal includes feasibilit research and systematic exploration and experimentation (pilot testing) of alternative crops and methodologies to existing alfalfa production and methods employed in Sierra Valley that could be accomplished without too much upset to the operations and viability of producers. This project supports the following UFR IRWM Goals: ✓ Protect and improve the economy of the region and provide healthy and adequate water and wastewater treatment for all citizens, including disadvantaged communities and Native Americans. ✓ Protect and enhance the health and economic viability of working landscapes. *During 2005-2011, metered pumpage averaged about 7,800 acrefeet per year, and in 2012-14, 12,200 acre-feet, well over the estimated safe yield: "Metered pumpage records indicate that the safe yield is about 6,000 acre-feet per year in the part of the valley now tapped by large-capacity supply wells" – Technical Reports on Hydrogeologic Evaluation for Sierra Valley – 2003-5, 2005-11 and 2012-14. Project Location Description (e.g.,		
feet per year, and in 2012-14, 12,200 acre-feet, well over the estimated safe yield: "Metered pumpage records indicate that the safe yield is about 6,000 acre-feet per year in the part of the valley now tapped by large-capacity supply wells" – Technical Reports on Hydrogeologic Evaluation for Sierra Valley – 2003-5, 2005-11 and 2012-14. Project Location Description (e.g., along the south bank of stream/river between river miles or miles from Towns/intersection and/or address): Sierra Valley – on the property of willing ranchers (TBD). Once explored with UCCE/UC Davis, one or more ranchers will be recruited to participate in the pilot study. These ranchers could be located in Sierra County or Plumas County in Sierra		basin*, alternative production possibilities that maintain the agricultural heritage of the watershed without increasing risks to producer viability, community values and natural resources, need to be explored. This concept proposal includes feasibility research and systematic exploration and experimentation (pilot testing) of alternative crops and methodologies to existing alfalfa production and methods employed in Sierra Valley that could be accomplished without too much upset to the operations and viability of producers. This project supports the following UFR IRWM Goals: ✓ Protect and improve the economy of the region and provide healthy and adequate water and wastewater treatment for all citizens, including disadvantaged communities and Native Americans. ✓ Protect and enhance the health and economic viability of
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could be located in Sierra County or Plumas County in Sierra	between river miles or miles from	explored with UCCE/UC Davis, one or more ranchers will be
	Towns/intersection and/or address):	recruited to participate in the pilot study. These ranchers
Valley.		
		Valley.
Latitude: TBD	Latitude:	TBD
Longitude: TBD	Longitude:	TBD

III. APPLICABLE IRWM PLAN OBJECTIVES ADDRESSED

For each of the objectives addressed by the project, provide a one to two sentence description of how the project contributes to attaining the objective and how the project outcomes will be quantified. If the project does not address *any* of the IRWM plan objectives, provide a one to two sentence description of how the project relates to a challenge or opportunity of the Region.

			Quantification
	Will the		(e.g. acres of
	project		streams/wetlands
Upper Feather River IRWM	address the	Brief explanation of project	restored or
Objectives:	objective?	linkage to selected Objective	enhanced)
Restore natural hydrologic	Yes		

	1		12. Alialia Alternative
Upper Feather River IRWM Objectives:	Will the project address the objective?	Brief explanation of project linkage to selected Objective	Quantification (e.g. acres of streams/wetlands restored or enhanced)
functions.	■ N/A		
Reduce potential for catastrophic wildland fires in the Region.	☐ Yes ■ N/A		
Build communication and collaboration among water resources stakeholders in the	■ Yes	Feasibility study will engage producers, UCCE, Sierra Valley Groundwater Management	TBD
Region.	□ N/A	District, Sierra Valley RCD and County Ag and Planning Departments in conversations around water conservation	
Work with DWR to develop strategies and actions for the management, operation, and	☐ Yes		
control of SWP facilities in the Upper Feather River Watershed in order to increase water supply, recreational, and environmental benefits to the Region.	■ N/A		
Encourage municipal service providers to participate in regional water management actions that improve water supply and water quality.	☐ Yes ■ N/A		
Continue to actively engage in FERC relicensing of hydroelectric facilities in the Region.	☐ Yes ■ N/A		
Address economic challenges of municipal service providers to serve customers.	☐ Yes ■ N/A		
Protect, restore, and enhance the quality of surface and groundwater resources for all beneficial uses, consistent with the RWQC Basin Plan.	☐ Yes ■ N/A		
Address water resources and wastewater needs of DACs and Native Americans.	☐ Yes ■ N/A		

			-
			Quantification
	Will the		(e.g. acres of
	project		streams/wetlands
Upper Feather River IRWM	address the	Brief explanation of project	restored or
Objectives:	objective?	linkage to selected Objective	enhanced)
Coordinate management of	Yes	Project is expected to protect	This will depend on
recharge areas and protect		groundwater resources by	the feasibility study
groundwater resources.	□ N/A	offering alfalfa producers a viable	and subsequent
8.04.14.14.16.1.16.1		alternative crop or irrigation	interest by Sierra
		method that requires less	Valley ranchers in
		pumping of groundwater.	the alternatives
			identified.
Improve coordination of land	Yes	Project explores entiens for	TBD. Sierra Valley
Improve coordination of land	162	Project explores options for	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
use and water resources		decreasing groundwater usage,	covers 184 square
planning.	□ N/A	which supports water resource	miles or 117,700
		planning.	acres.
Maximize agricultural <u>,</u>	Yes	The project will explore	Will be determined
environmental and municipal	l <u> </u>	alternative crops and growing	by project – pilot
water-use efficiency.	□ N/A	methods to existing alfalfa hay	will indicate water
		production to improve water-use	savings per
		efficiency.	irrigated acre.
Effectively address climate	Yes	The project seeks alternative	Alternatives
change adaptation and/or		crops that can be grown in the	identified in
mitigation in water resources	□ N/A	arid, ~5000' elevation Sierra	feasibility study will
management.	,	Valley with the reduced water	address anticipated
		resources anticipated as a result	changes in climate
		of climate change.	and water
		or similate originate.	availability.
Improve efficiency and	Yes	Pilot projects may test	Number of acres
reliability of water supply and	163	infrastructure improvements for	where irrigation
other water-related	□ N/A	•	_
	Ш IV/A	irrigation efficiency in alfalfa, as	system efficiency
infrastructure.		well as alternative crops.	changes are
		Improved efficiency will generate	implemented TBD.
		more reliable supply.	
Enhance public awareness and	☐ Yes		
understanding of water			
management issues and needs.	■ N/A		
Address economic challenges of	Yes	Future surface and groundwater	TBD – Feasibility
agricultural producers.		shortages may necessitate	research will
	□ N/A	reductions in alfalfa production,	address economic
		which would hurt local growers	comparability of
		economically. This project seeks	alternatives to
		to identify and prove	alfalfa
		economically feasible	
		alternatives that can be	
		employed to reduce these	
		negative impacts on agricultural	
		producers.	

Upper Feather River IRWM Objectives:	Will the project address the objective?	Brief explanation of project linkage to selected Objective	Quantification (e.g. acres of streams/wetlands restored or enhanced)
Work with counties/ communities/groups to make	Yes	Funding request includes support of a project manager.	Project manager, University of CA
sure staff capacity exists for actual administration and implementation of grant	□ N/A	or a project manager.	support
funding. If no objectives are addressed, de-	 escribe how the	l e project relates to a challenge or op	nortunity for the

If no objectives are addressed, describe how the project relates to a challenge or opportunity for the Region:

IV. PROJECT IMPACTS AND BENEFITS

Please provide a summary of the expected project benefits and impacts in the table below or check N/A if not applicable; **do not leave a blank cell.** Note that DWR encourages multi-benefit projects.

a.	Native American Tribal Communities		
		■ N/A	
b.	Disadvantaged Communities ¹		There are several Disadvantaged
		■ N/A	Communities in Sierra Valley (per 2010
			Census data) – Chilcoot, Vinton, Sierraville
			and Sattley. Most of the ranches in Sierra
			Valley have addresses in one of these
			communities. Helping these ranchers
			remain economically viable creates
			positive economic (and social) impact on the surrounding communities by putting
			children in the schools, patronage of local
			businesses, etc.
c.	Environmental Justice ²		
		■ N/A	
d.	Drought Preparedness		Project explores agricultural options that
		□ N/A	require less irrigation water, giving growers
			alternatives during drought.
e.	Assist the region in adapting to effects of		Project explores agricultural options that
	climate change ³	□ N/A	require less irrigation water during the
	-		summer/growing season. Potential
			anticipated impacts of climate change on
			water are: alterations in precipitation
			patterns, lower snowpack levels resulting

			in less water storage, change in availability and time of surface irrigation water, extended drought, etc. Project may also explore increasing yields from existing fields. Increased yields and less water-		
			intensive crops would provide more		
			flexible agricultural options in the area for		
			an uncertain climate in the future.		
f. Genera	tion or reduction of greenhouse		The project would investigate less water-		
gas emi	ssions (e.g. green technology)	□ N/A	intensive cropping systems, which would		
			require less ground water pumping, and in		
			turn reduce the amount of fossil fuel		
			energy used to pump the ground water.		
g. Other expected impacts or benefits that The issue of alfalfa clearly extends beyond					
are not already mentioned elsewhere					
proven could have beneficial impacts well beyond the project area.					
¹ A Disadvan	taged Community is defined as a cor	nmunity w	th an annual median household (MHI)		
			MHI. DWR's DAC mapping is available on		
the UFR website (http://featherriver.org/maps/).					
² Environmental Justice is defined as the fair treatment of people of all races, cultures, and incomes					
with respect to the development, adoption, implementation and enforcement of environmental laws,					
regulations and policies. An example of environmental justice benefit would be to improve conditions					
(e.g. water supply, flooding, sanitation) in an area of racial minorities.					
³ Climate change effects are likely to include increased flooding, extended drought, and associated					
secondary ef	secondary effects such as increased wildfire risk, erosion, and sedimentation.				

DWR encourages multiple benefit projects which address one or more of the following elements (PRC §75026(a). Indicate which elements are addressed by your project.

a.	Water supply reliability, water	Yes	g.	Drinking water treatment and	☐ Yes
	conservation, water use efficiency	□ N/A		distribution	■ N/A
b.	Stormwater capture, storage, clean-	☐ Yes	h.	Watershed protection and	Yes
	up, treatment, management	■ N/A		management	□ N/A
c.	Removal of invasive non-native	Yes	i.	Contaminant and salt removal	☐ Yes
	species, creation/enhancement of	□ N/A		through reclamation/desalting,	■ N/A
	wetlands,			other treatment technologies and	
	acquisition/protection/restoration			conveyance of recycled water for	
	of open space and watershed lands			distribution to users	
d.	Non-point source pollution	☐ Yes	j.	Planning and implementation of	☐ Yes
	reduction, management and	■ N/A		multipurpose flood management	■ N/A
	monitoring			programs	
e.	Groundwater recharge and	Yes	k.	Ecosystem and fisheries	☐ Yes
	management projects	□ N/A		restoration and protection	■ N/A
f.	Water banking, exchange,	☐ Yes			
	reclamation, and improvement of	■ N/A			
	water quality				

V. RESOURCE MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES

For each resource management strategy (RMS) employed by the project, provide a one to two sentence description in the table below of how the project incorporates the strategy. A description of the RMS can be found in Volume 2 of the 2013 California Water Plan (http://featherriver.org/2013-california-water-plan-update/).

	Will the Project			
	incorporate	Description of how RMS to be employed,		
Resource Management Strategy	RMS?	if applicable		
Reduce Water Demand				
Agricultural Water Use Efficiency		The Agricultural Water Use Efficiency RMS is		
		the core of the proposal. The project will seek		
		more water-efficient alfalfa hay production		
	Yes No	methods and/or alternatives to alfalfa		
		production with lower water demands and		
		minimal disruption to existing operations, as		
		well as solid/equivalent returns.		
Urban water use efficiency	Yes No			
Improve Flood Management				
Flood management	Yes No			
Improve Operational Efficiency and Ti				
Conveyance – regional/local	Yes No			
System reoperation	Yes No			
Water transfers	Yes No			
Increase Water Supply				
Conjunctive management		Feasibility studies may employ conjunctive		
	Yes No	management strategies, such as flooding		
		alfalfa fields in winter.		
Precipitation Enhancement	☐ Yes ■ No			
Municipal recycled water		Feasibility studies may employ increased use		
	Yes No	of recycled municipal water for alfalfa		
		production.		
Surface storage – regional/local	Yes No			
Improve Water Quality				
Drinking water treatment and	☐ Yes ■ No			
distribution				
Groundwater remediation/aquifer	☐ Yes ■ No			
remediation				
Matching water quality to water use	Yes No			
Pollution prevention	Yes No			
Salt and salinity management	Yes No			
Urban storm water runoff	☐ Yes ■ No			
management				
Practice Resource Stewardship	I			
Agricultural land stewardship		Continuing stewardship of agricultural land in		
	■ Yes □ No	Sierra Valley depends on producers being able		
		to adjust to changing environmental and		
		market conditions. This project utilizes the		

	Will the Project	
	incorporate	Description of how RMS to be employed,
Resource Management Strategy	RMS?	if applicable
		agricultural land stewardship RMS by
		proactively seeking solutions to water
		shortages that likely will result from ongoing
		depletion of groundwater resources due to
		overdrafting, drought, and climate change.
		These factors, if left unaddressed, will make
		agricultural land more susceptible to
		development and conversion to other uses.
Ecosystem restoration	Yes No	
Forest management	Yes No	
Land use planning and management	Yes No	
Recharge area protection	Yes No	
Sediment management	☐ Yes ■ No	
Watershed management	Yes No	Stewardship of groundwater resources is a
	163 🔲 100	key component of watershed management.
People and Water		
Economic incentives	Yes No	
Outreach and engagement	Yes No	
Water and culture	Yes No	
Water-dependent recreation	Yes No	
Wastewater/NPDES	☐ Yes ■ No	
Other RMS addressed and explanation	า:	

VI. PROJECT COST AND FINANCING

Please provide any estimates of project cost, sources of funding, and operation and maintenance costs, as well as the source of the project cost in the table below.

or	oject serves a need of a DAC?:	PROJECT BUDGE No (Yes, but r		contaminated di	rinking water
		Requested Grant	Cost Share: Non-State Fund Source* (Funding	Cost Share: Other State Fund	
	Category	Amount	Match)	Source*	Total Cost
a.	Direct Project Administration	\$30,000			\$30,000
b.	Land Purchase/Easement	N/A			\$0
c.	Planning/Design/Engineering / Environmental	\$75,000		In-kind possible?	\$75,000
d.	Construction/Implementation		**		
e.	Environmental Compliance/ Mitigation/Enhancement	N/A			\$0
f.	Construction Administration	N/A			\$0
g.	Other Costs	\$25,000			\$25,000
h.	Construction/Implementation Contingency				
i.	Grand Total (Sum rows (a) through (h) for each column)	\$130,000		Possible in- kind (research)	\$130,000
	** This is very much a guess. Depends o time *Producer's labor, equipment, electricity		t, whether we can	get UC staff to c	ontribute
j.	Can the Project be phased? Yes	☐ No If yes , pr	ovide cost breakd	own by phases	
	Phase 1	Project Cost	O&M Cost	Descriptio Research, feasil	n of Phase
				alternative crop systems (gain a understanding research – whe UNR, other land colleges, USDA,	os/cropping n of existing ther UC Davis, d grant etc., have
				done any pertir e.g., explore pe research of The in Salina, Kansa research, quino Evaluate options following preferre	rennial grain Land Institute s, sainfoin na, etc. against the

				 Compatible growing conditions (environmental/ season length, etc.); Yields within X% of current alfalfa crop value or function (meaning that some % of local alfalfa production goes to feeding local cattle – so a compatible crop might be found that can meet that function without necessarily being of equal monetary value); Alternative crops (including for direct human consumption) that could be grown with existing irrigation/planting/harvesting equipment? Similar labor requirements / non-annual crop possibly – perennial grains/forage? Requires less water Minimal amendments/inputs required Compatible with alfalfa production and/or grazing (incorporating the needs of ranches that put up hay for their own cattle vs. those that produce alfalfa mostly to sell)
	Phase 2			Initial pilot design. Recruiting rancher participants, refining pilot design, evaluation design & implementing alternatives
	Phase 3			with technical assistance Technical assistance & Evaluation
	Phase 4			
k.	Explain how operation and maintenar financed for the 20-year planning peri implementation (not grant funded).		pilot test only. If	This is a feasibility study and a suitable alternative to alfalfa and, the theory is that it will pay market.
I.	Has a Cost/Benefit analysis been comp	pleted?	☐ Yes ■ No (fe	easibility study / pilot)
m.	Describe what impact there may be if not funded (300 words or less)	the project is	Significant dome incentives exist t growing water-ir Valley. If we do r to study and pro	stic and international economic roday to keep producers ntensive alfalfa hay in Sierra not secure and apply resources we alternatives, we can expect ontinue, resulting in significant

		competition for limited water resources and continued declines in the surface-to-groundwater levels that have been documented in monitoring wells in the Valley. Potentially also more and deeper well installation.
*Lis	t all sources of funding.	
	te: See Project Development Manual, Exhibit B, for assist tp://featherriver.org/documents/).	ance in completing this table

VIII. PROJECT STATUS AND SCHEDULE

Please provide a status of the project, level of completion as well as a description of the activities planned for each project stage. If unknown, enter **TBD**.

Project Stage	Check the Current Project Stage	Completed?	Description of Activities in Each Project Stage	Planned/ Actual Start Date (mm/yr)	Planned/ Actual Completion Date (mm/yr)
a. Assessment and	3 4 4 9 5	☐ Yes	Literature/Research	TBD	TBD
Evaluation		■ No	review; Feasibility		
		□ N/A	evaluation &		
			documentation of		
	_		alternatives; Pilot		
			design; Recruitment of rancher		
			participants		
b. Final Design		☐ Yes	Refinement of pilot	TBD	TBD
		■ No	design and		
		□ N/A	evaluation		
		•	methodology with		
			ranchers; signed		
			agreements		
c. Environmental Documentation		Yes	Unlikely to be required unless		
(CEQA / NEPA)		□ No ■ N/A	some truly unusual		
(CEQA) NEI A)		■ N/A	idea surfaces		
d. Permitting		☐ Yes			
		□ No			
		■ N/A			
e. Construction		☐ Yes			
Contracting		□ No			
		■ N/A			
f. Construction		☐ Yes	Pilot testing of new	TBD	TBD
Implementation		■ No	cropping systems.		
		□ N/A	Evaluation of water		
			savings, economic return, producer		
			satisfaction. Report.		

Provide explanation if more than one project	
stage is checked as current status	

IX. PROJECT TECHNICAL FEASIBILITY

Please provide any related documents (date, title, author, and page numbers) that describe and confirm the technical feasibility of the project. See www.featherriver.org/catalog/index.php for documents gathered on the UFR Region.

a.	List the adopted planning documents the proposed	The Plumas County General Plan is
	project is consistent with or supported by (e.g. General	supportive of maintaining viable
	Plans, UWMPs, GWMPs, Water Master Plan, Habitat	agriculture in the region.
	Conservation Plans, TMDLs, Basin Plans, etc.).	
b.	List technical reports and studies supporting the	Perennial grain research of The Land
	feasibility of this project.	<u>Institute in Salina, KS</u> .
		UC Davis research on alfalfa water use "HOW MUCH WATER DOES ALFALFA REALLY NEED?"
		Sainfoin ((Onobrychis viciifolia) research (as an alternative forage to alfalfa) of Montana State University Western Ag Research Center.
		("New Interest in Sainfoin")
		Strategies for the Improvement of Water-Use Efficient Irrigated Alfalfa Systems, Dan Putnum
		Etc. A thorough review of existing studies, research, etc. is part of the project.
d.	Concisely describe the scientific basis (e.g. how much research has been conducted) of the proposed project in 300 words or less. Does the project implement green technology (e.g.	Individual pockets of research on various crop alternatives, irrigation alternatives exist, groundwater recharge via flooding alfalfa fields in dormant times (winter/spring). The project would review and sift through that research in order to determine likely possibilities that meet the criteria defined above under section VI.j.
.	alternate forms of energy, recycled materials, LID techniques, etc.).	☐ Yes ■ No ☐ N/A If yes, please describe.
		It's possible it might
e.	Are you an Urban Water Supplier ¹ ?	☐ Yes ■ No ☐ N/A
f.	Are you are an Agricultural Water Supplier ² ?	☐ Yes ■ No ☐ N/A

g. Is the project related to groundwater?	Yes No N/A If yes, please indicate which groundwater basin. Sierra Valley Basin No. 5-12.01	
¹ Urban Water Supplier is defined as a supplier, either publicly	1	
municipal purposes either directly or indirectly to more than 3,	, ,	
3,000 acre-feet of water annually.		
² Agricultural Water Supplier is defined as a water supplier, eith	ner publicly or privately owned, providing	
water to 10,000 or more irrigated acres, excluding the acreage	that receives recycled water.	

Climate Change – Project Assessment Checklist

This climate change project assessment tool allows project applicants and the planning team to assess project consistency with Proposition 84 plan standards and RWMG plan assessment standards. The tool is a written checklist that asks GHG emissions and adaptation/resiliency questions.

Name of project: ALS 12: Alfalfa Alternative

Project applicant: Sierra Valley Resource Conservation District/UC Cooperative Extension

GHG Emissions Assessment
Project Construction Emissions (If you check any of the boxes, please see the attached worksheet)
 □ The project requires nonroad or off-road engines, equipment, or vehicles to complete. □ The project requires materials to be transported to the project site. □ The project requires workers to commute to the project site. □ The project is expected to generate GHG emissions for other reasons. □ The project does not have a construction phase and/or is not expected to generate GHG emissions during the construction phase.
Operating Emissions (If you check any of the boxes, please see the attached worksheet)
The project requires energy to operate.
The project will generate electricity.
☐ The project will proactively manage forests to reduce wildfire risk.
The project will affect wetland acreage.
The project will include new trees.
Project operations are expected to generate or reduce GHG emissions for other reasons.

Adaptation & Resiliency Assessment

Water Supply
Describe how the project makes the watershed (more/less) resilient to one or more of the following high priority water supply vulnerability issues:
☐ Not applicable
Reduced snowmelt
Unmet local water needs (drought)
☐ Increased invasive species
The intent of the project is to reduce irrigation water needs and usage for existing agricultural producers of alfalfa, which will help the region adapt for both drought and climate change.
Water Demand
Describe how the project makes the watershed (more/less) resilient to one or more of the following
high priority water demand vulnerability issues:
☐ Not applicable
☐ Increasing seasonal water use variability
Unmet in-stream flow requirements
☐ Climate-sensitive crops
Groundwater drought resiliency
Water curtailment effectiveness
Alfalfa hay is a water-thirsty crop, production of which relies almost entirely on groundwater in this
region. Identifying suitable alternative crops meeting the criteria established in the project proposal
and/or more efficient irrigation methods for this crop will reduce seasonal water use, help reduce water
need during drought years, and potentially offer climate change resiliency for crops/producers in the
region.
Water Quality
Describe how the project makes the watershed (more/less) resilient to one or more of the following
high priority water quality vulnerability issues:
☐ Not applicable
☐ Increasing catastrophic wildfires
Eutrophication (excessive nutrient pollution in a waterbody, often followed by algae blooms and other related water quality issues)
Seasonal low flows and limited abilities for waterbodies to assimilate pollution
Water treatment facility operations

Upper Feather River Integrated Regional Water Management Plan Climate Change- Project Assessment Checklist
Unmet beneficial uses (municipal and domestic water supply, water contact recreation, cold freshwater habitat, spawning habitat, wildlife habitat, etc.)
Flooding Describe how the project makes the watershed (more/less) resilient to one or more of the following high priority flooding vulnerability issues:
 Not applicable ☐ Aging critical flood protection ☐ Wildfires ☐ Critical infrastructure in a floodplain ☐ Insufficient flood control facilities
Ecosystem and Habitat Describe how the project makes the watershed (more/less) resilient to one or more of the following high priority ecosystem and habitat vulnerability issues:
 Not applicable Climate-sensitive fauna or flora Recreation and economic activity Quantified environmental flow requirements Erosion and sedimentation Endangered or threatened species Fragmented habitat
Hydropower Describe how the project makes the watershed (more/less) resilient to one or more of the following high priority hydropower vulnerability issues: Not applicable

Reduced hydropower output

Upper Feather River IRWMP Project Assessment - GHG Emissions Analysis

ALS-12: Alfalfa Alternative

GHG Emissions Analysis

Project Construction Emissions

X The project requires non-road or off-road engines, equipment, or vehicles to complete. If yes:

	Maximum		
	Number Per	Total 8-Hour Days in	
Type of Equipment		Operation	Total MTCO₂e
Tractors/Loaders/Bac			
khoes	1	16	4
			0
			0
			0
			0
			0
			0
			0
			0
			0
		Total Emissions	4

X The project	·		d to the project site. I
	Total Number of Round Trips	Average Trip Distance (Miles)	Total MTCO₂e
	4	80	0

The project requires workers to commute to the project site. If yes:						
_			Average Round Trip			
	Average Number	Total Number	Distance Traveled			
	of Workers	of Workdays	(Miles)	Total MTCO₂e		
					0	

The project	t is expected to generate GHG emissions for other reasons. If yes, explain:

The project does not have a construction phase and/or is not expected to generate GHG emissions during the construction phase.

ALS-12: Alfalfa Alternative Page 1

Upper Feather River IRWMP Project Assessment - GHG Emissions Analysis

ALS-12: Alfalfa Alternative **Project Operating Emissions** The project requires energy to operate. If yes: Annual Energy Needed Unit Total MTCO₂e kWh (Electricity) 0 Therm (Natural Gas) 0 The project will generate electricity. If yes: Total MTCO2e Annual kWh Generated 0 *A negative value indicates GHG reductions The project will proactively manage forests to reduce wildfire risk. If yes: Acres Protected from Wildfire Total MTCO₂e 0 *A negative value indicates GHG reductions The project will affect wetland acreage. If yes: Acres of Protected Wetlands Total MTCO₂e *A negative value indicates GHG reductions The project will include new trees. If yes: Acres of Trees Planted Total MTCO2e *A negative value indicates GHG reductions Project operations are expected to generate or reduce GHG emissions for other reasons. If yes, explain: If lower water-usage crops or methods are proven through the feasibility study and pilot, then they will require less water pumping, which translate to less energy/electricity consumption, thereby reducing GHG emissions. Technical support for the feasibility study may require UCCE staff travel from Susanville and possibly Davis on occasion. **GHG Emissions Summary**

Construction and development will generate approximately:

In a given year, operation of the project will result in:

ALS-12: Alfalfa Alternative Page 2

5 MTCO₂e 0 MTCO₂e